A Westside Story: 2017 Fire Season in Review

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Overview of 2017 fire season in Oregon:

- Climate context: wet winter, hot summer.
- Geographic context: fire location, timing, severity.
- A tale of two fires: Eagle Creek and Chetco Bar.
- Social, economic, ecological, and management implications.
- Looking ahead to 2018 fire season...



Impacts of Oregon's 2017 Wildfire Season

TIME FOR A CRUCIAL CONVERSATION

January 2, 2018



Google satellite photo over Oregon showing wildfire locations, Sept. 4, 2017.



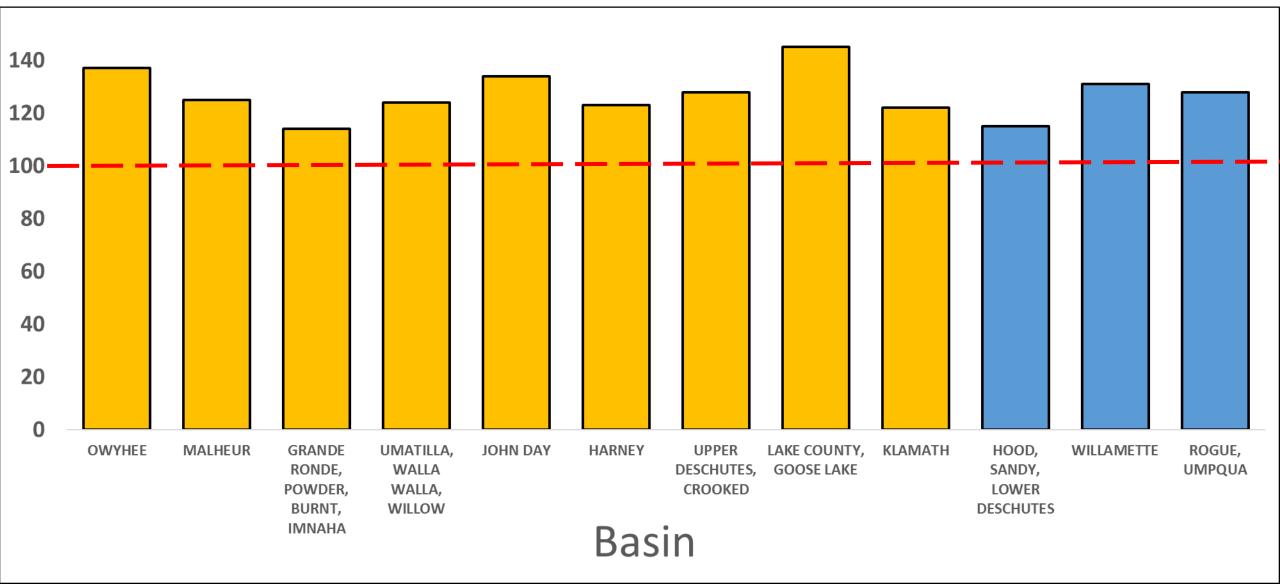
317 SW Sixth Ave., Suite 400 Portland, OR 97204-1705 971-673-2944 | OregonForests.org

Key topics:

- Air quality and health
- Sporting events
- Travel and tourism
- Employment and the economy
- Transportation
- Local impact
- Long-term effects

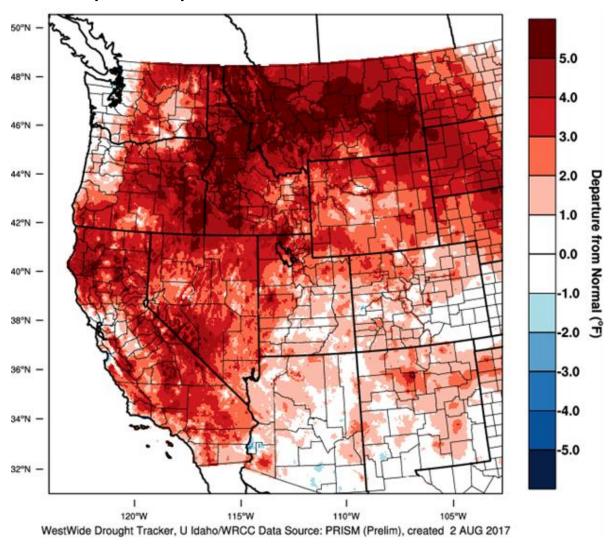
https://oregonforests.org/pub/impactsoregons-2017-wildfire-season-summary

Feb. 27th, 2017: Basin-wide snowpack (% of 1981-2010 median)

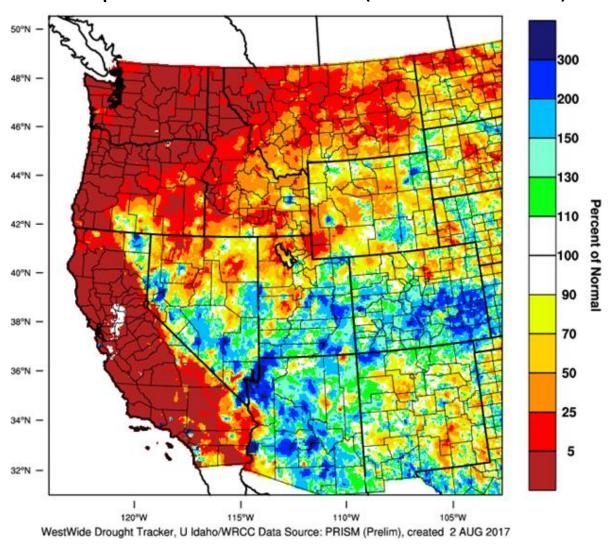


July 2017 climate

Temp. departure from normal

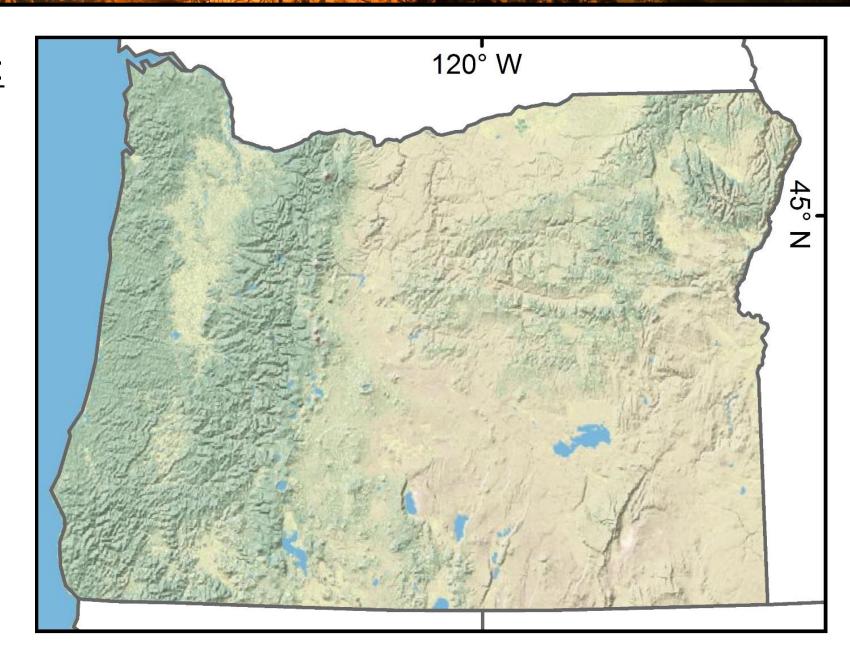


Precip. % of normal (1981-2010)



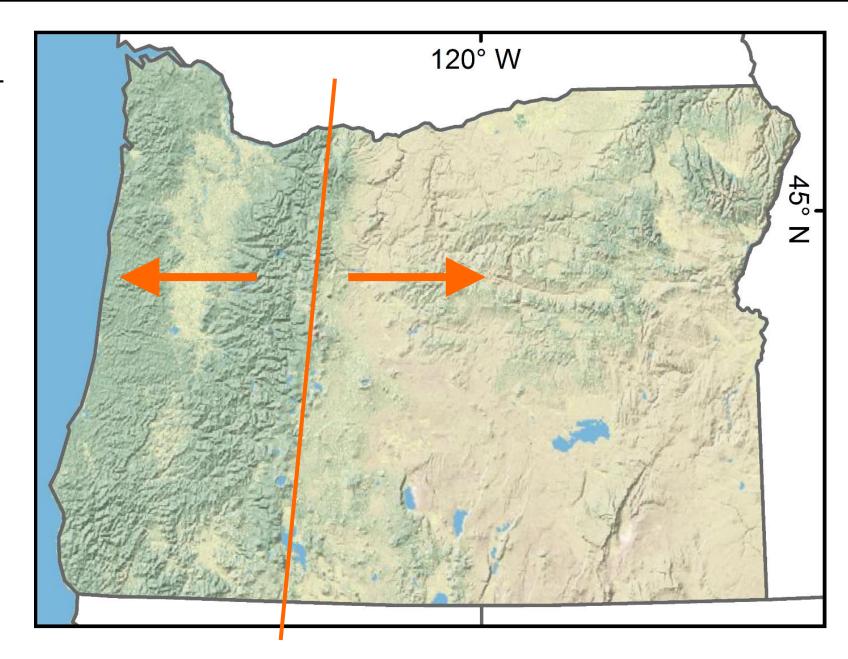
Oregon pyrogeography:

- Strong gradients
- Variable forest types and fire regimes
- Mixed ownerships and management objectives



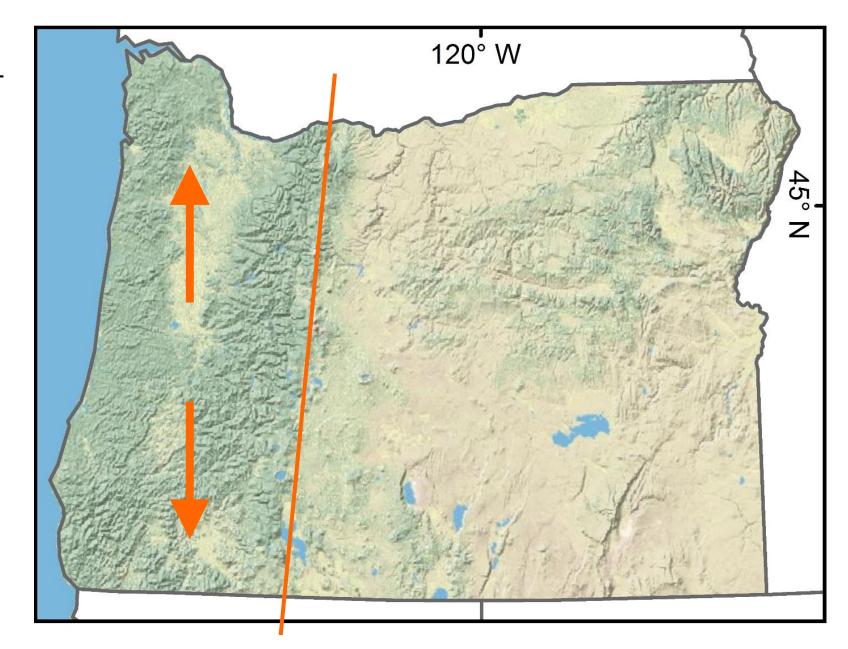
Oregon pyrogeography:

- Strong gradients
- Variable forest types and fire regimes
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- Westside to Eastside



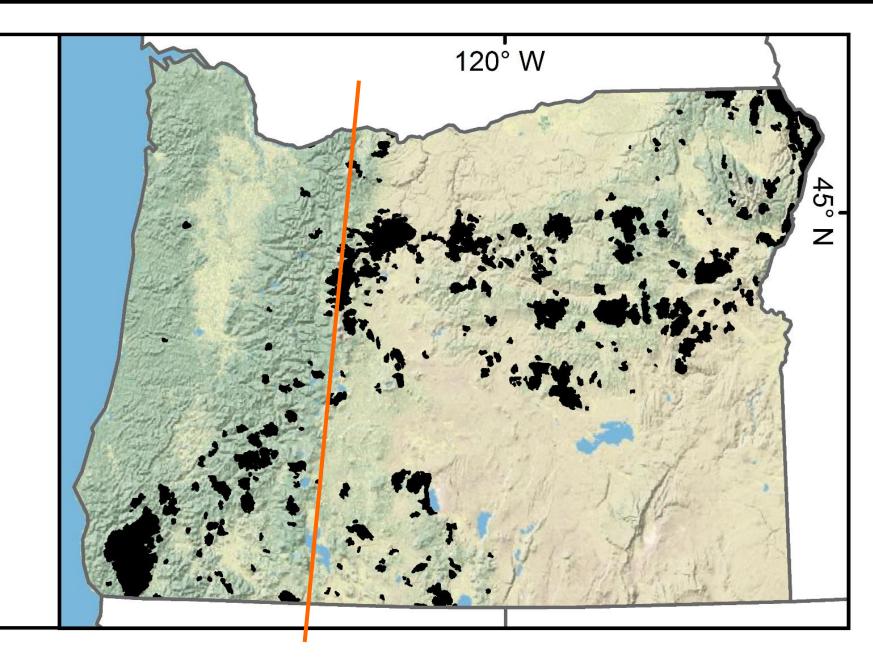
Oregon pyrogeography:

- Strong gradients
- Variable forest types and fire regimes
- Mixed ownerships, and management objectives
- Westside to Eastside
- North to South





Large fires (1984-2015) in forested ecoregions



0

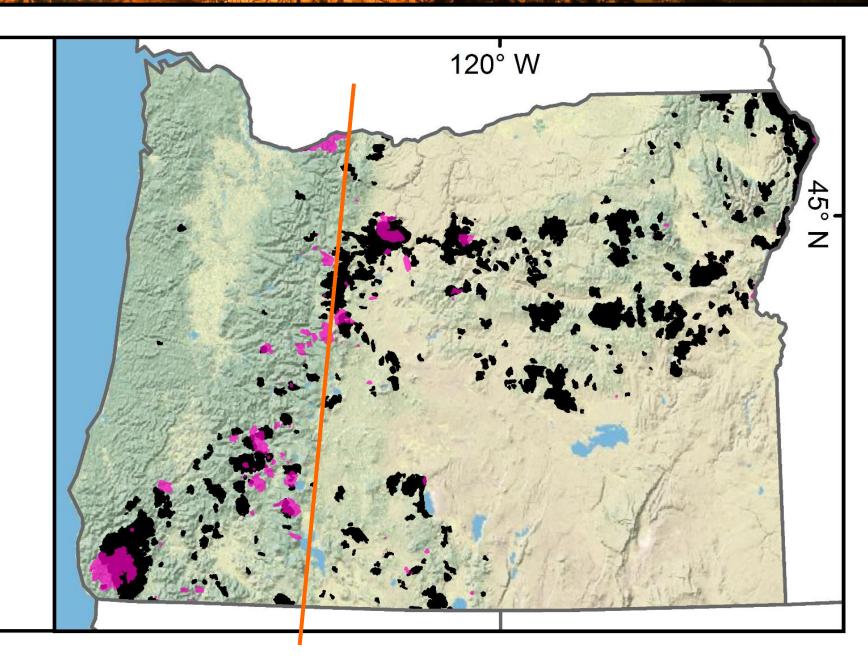


Large fires (2017) in forested ecoregions



Large fires (1984-2015) in forested ecoregions





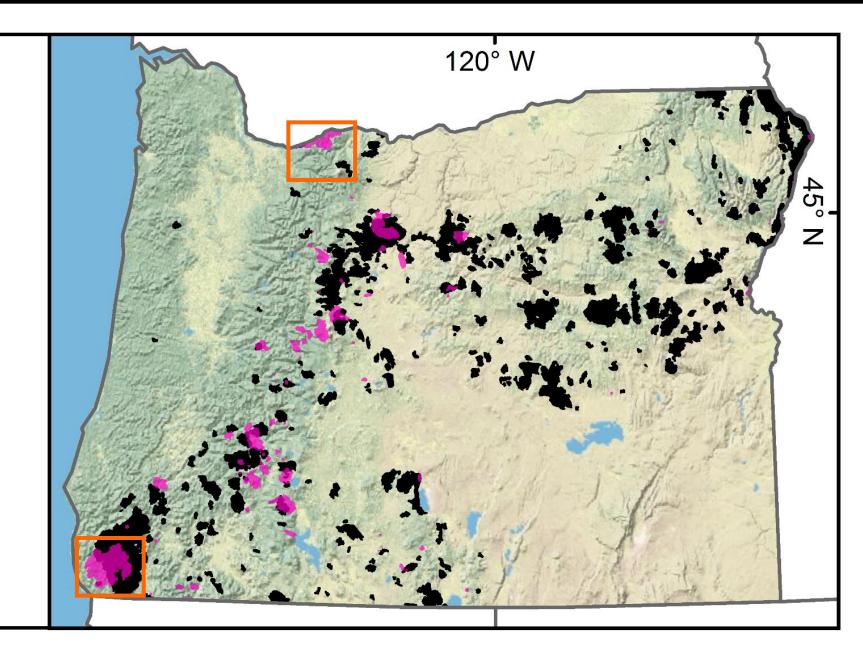


Large fires (2017) in forested ecoregions



Large fires (1984-2015) in forested ecoregions





Eagle Creek Fire, by the numbers

- <u>Ignition</u>: teenager with fireworks on Eagle Creek Trail (September 2)
- Extreme fire behavior including spotting across the Columbia Gorge
- RAVG extent: 48,000 acres
- RAVG severity: 58% low, 12% moderate, 30% high
- Economic impacts: huge (See OFRI report)
- Social response: dramatic

Idiot With Fireworks Starts Columbia River Gorge Fire That Strands 150 Hikers and Threatens Town of Cascade Locks

The fire has consumed 3,000 acres of pristine forest that Portlanders treat as a playground.



OREGON WILDFIRES

Eagle Creek fire zero percent contained as Red Cross shelters evacuees

Updated Sep 5, 2017; Posted Sep 4, 2017

Eagle Creek Fire jumps across Columbia River from **Oregon to Washington**

GILLIAN FLACCUS and NICHOLAS K. GERANIOS, Associated Press Published 9:47 a.m. PT Sept. 5, 2017 | Updated 9:19 p.m. PT Sept. 5, 2017

OREGON WILDFIRES

Heat + smoke = unusual problem for schools in Eagle Creek fire's range

Updated Sep 6, 2017; Posted Sep 6, 2017



OREGON WILDFIRES

Eagle Creek fire: Smoke-socked Portland could see reprieve as winds shift

Updated Sep 6, 2017; Posted Sep 6, 2017



Oregon's air quality index ranged from hazardous to unhealthy for sensitive groups across much of the state on Wednesday.(AIRNow) News | Environment | Local | Northwest Wildfires 2017

Eagle Creek Fire 100 Percent Contained

by Ericka Cruz Guevarra (Follow) OPB Nov. 30, 2017 2:39 p.m.



Animals | Forestry | News | Fish & Wildlife | Science | Environment | Local

What A Scientist Lost In The Eagle Creek Fire

by Ericka Cruz Guevarra (Follow) OPB Nov. 1, 2017 11:30 a.m. | Updated: Nov. 1, 2017 4:42 p.m.

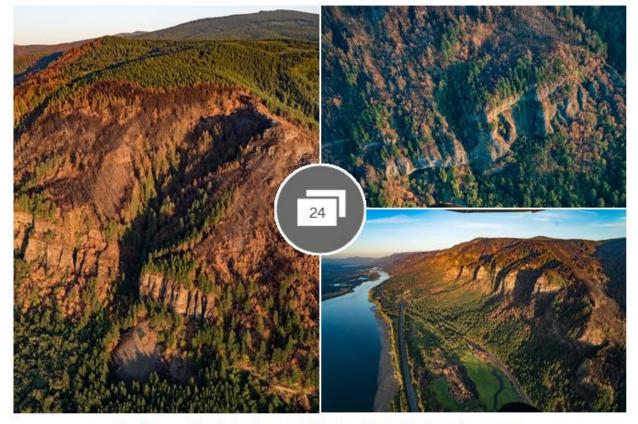
OUTDOORS

Teen charged in Eagle Creek fire apologizes in court

Wed., Feb. 21, 2018, 5:55 p.m.

Flight over Eagle Creek fire reveals scorched swaths and seas of green

Updated Sep 24, 2017; Posted Sep 24, 2017



Gallery: Aerial view of Eagle Creek fire damage

2017 Eagle Creek Fire flyover [online]



Severity (RAVG BA loss)



0%



0-10%



10-25%



25-50%



50-75%

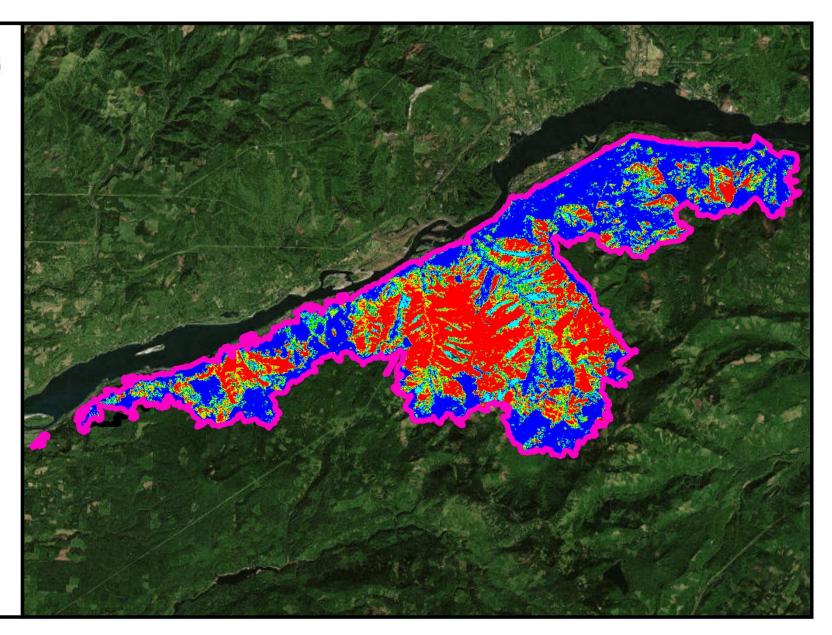


75-90%

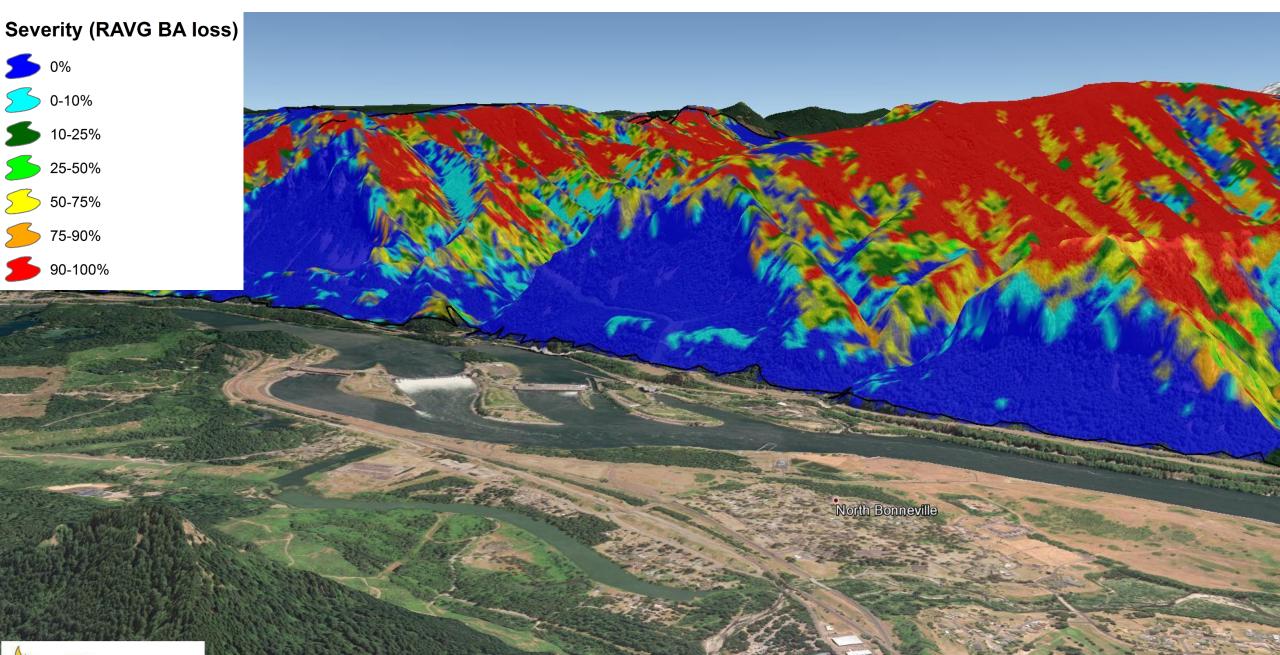


90-100%





Eagle Creek landscape (Google Earth, RAVG)



Eagle Creek landscape (Google Earth, pre-fire)



Eagle Creek landscape (Osborne, 1941)



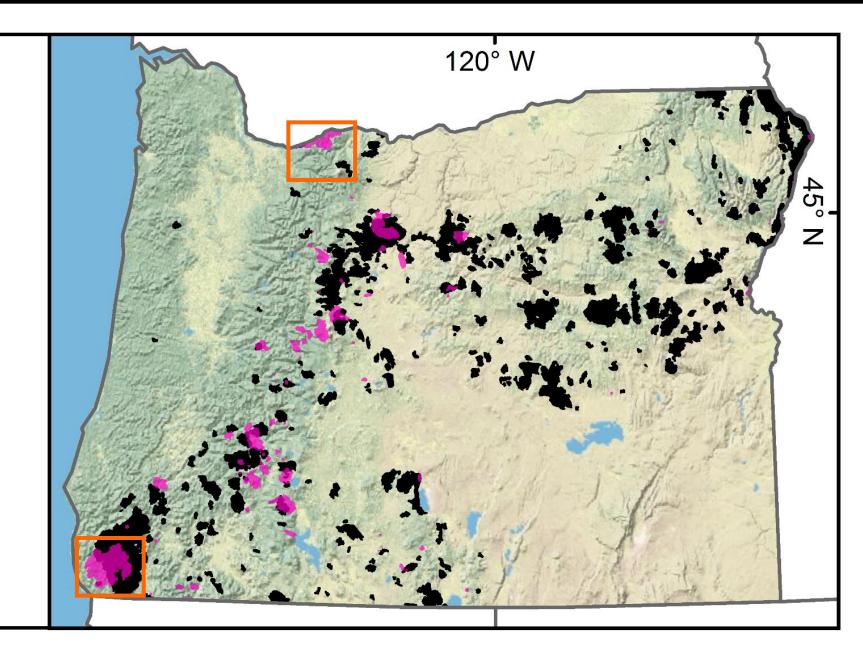


Large fires (2017) in forested ecoregions



Large fires (1984-2015) in forested ecoregions



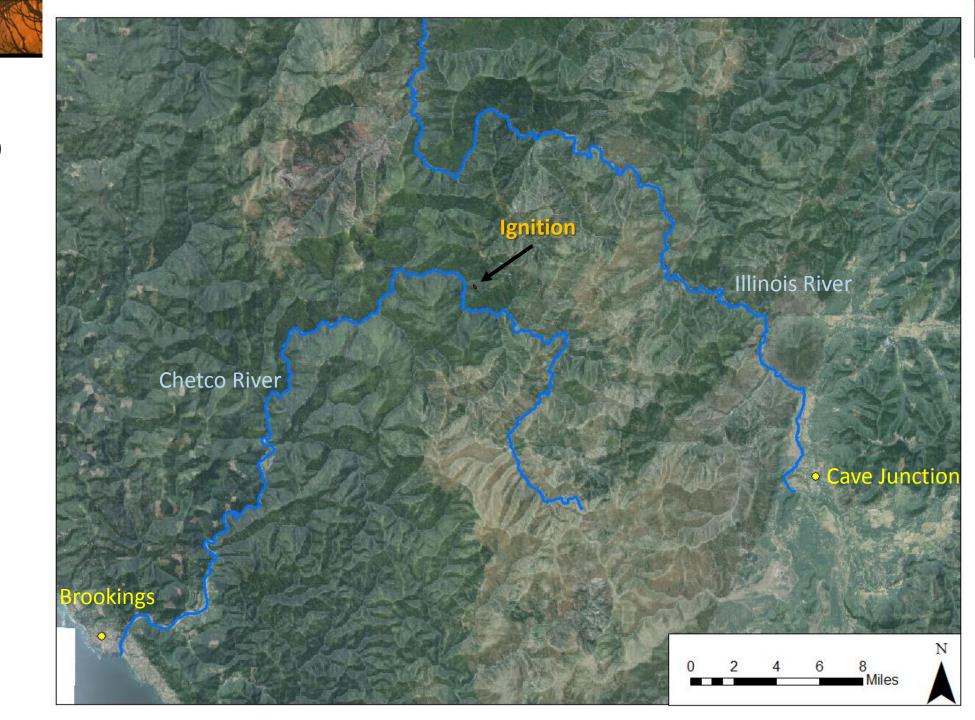


Chetco Bar Fire, by the numbers

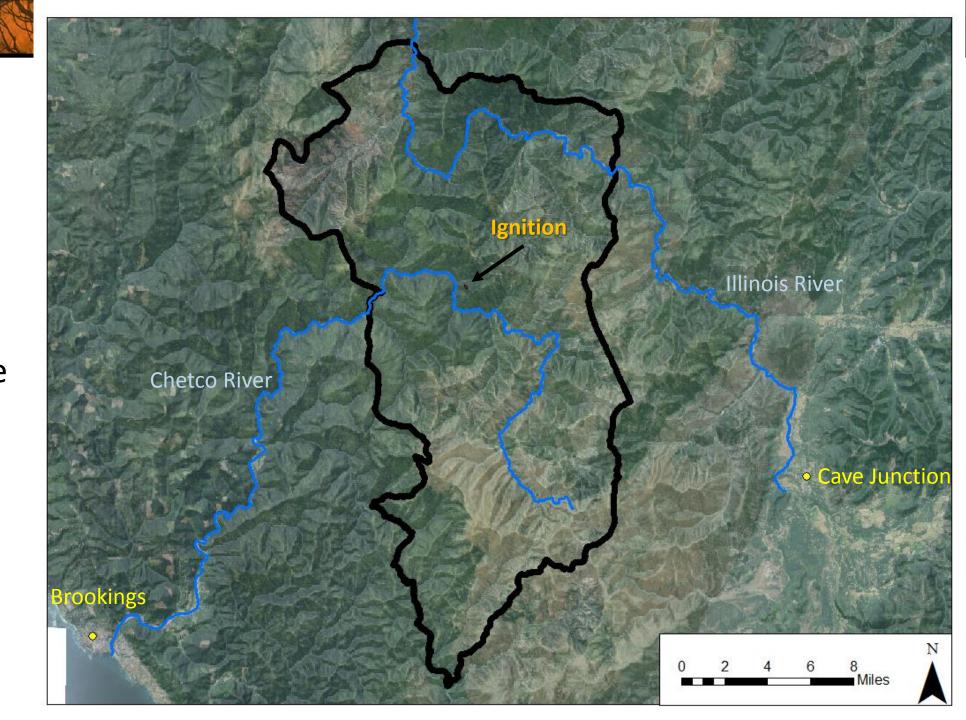
- <u>Ignition</u>: lightning in wilderness (July 12)
- RAVG extent: 195,000 acres
- RAVG severity: 52% low, 16% moderate, 32% high
- Economic impacts: large
- Social response: moderate

Discovered by commercial airline pilot on July 12th, 2017

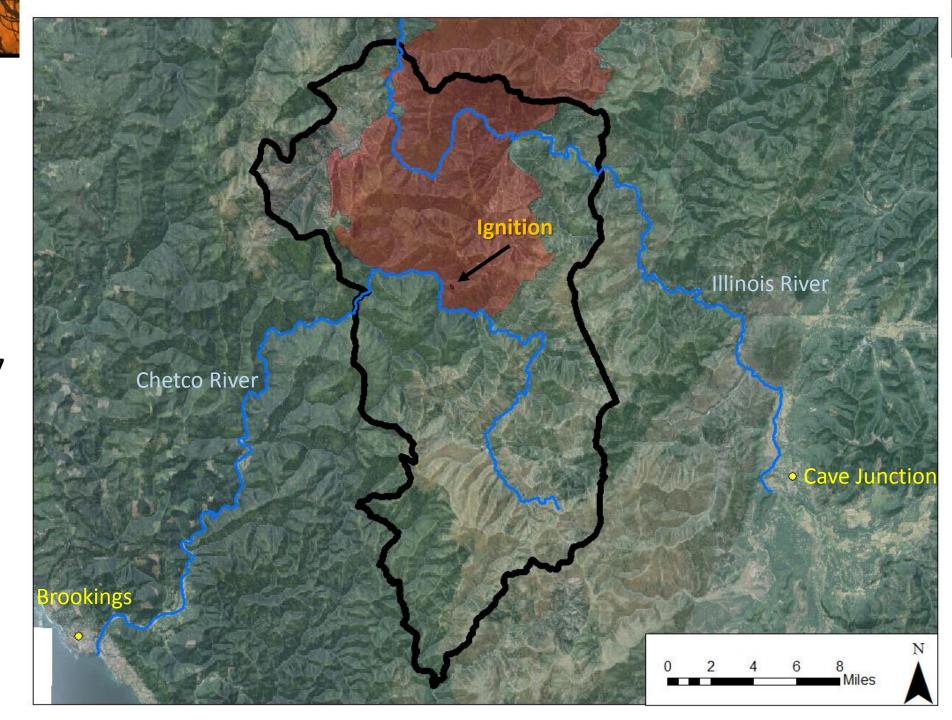
Approximately 6 acres by 4pm on July 13th, 2017 as depicted here



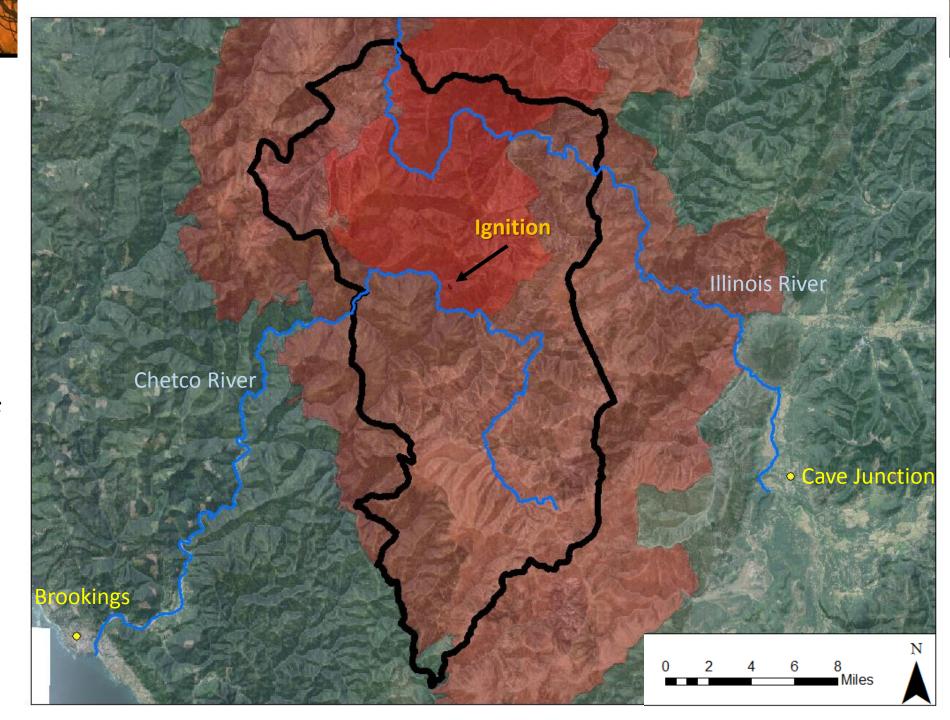
In the middle of the Kalmiopsis
Wilderness



Also within the 1987 Silver Fire burn scar



Not only that, it was also in the middle of the 2002 Biscuit Fire scar!



2017 Sheep Springs Fire drone video [online]



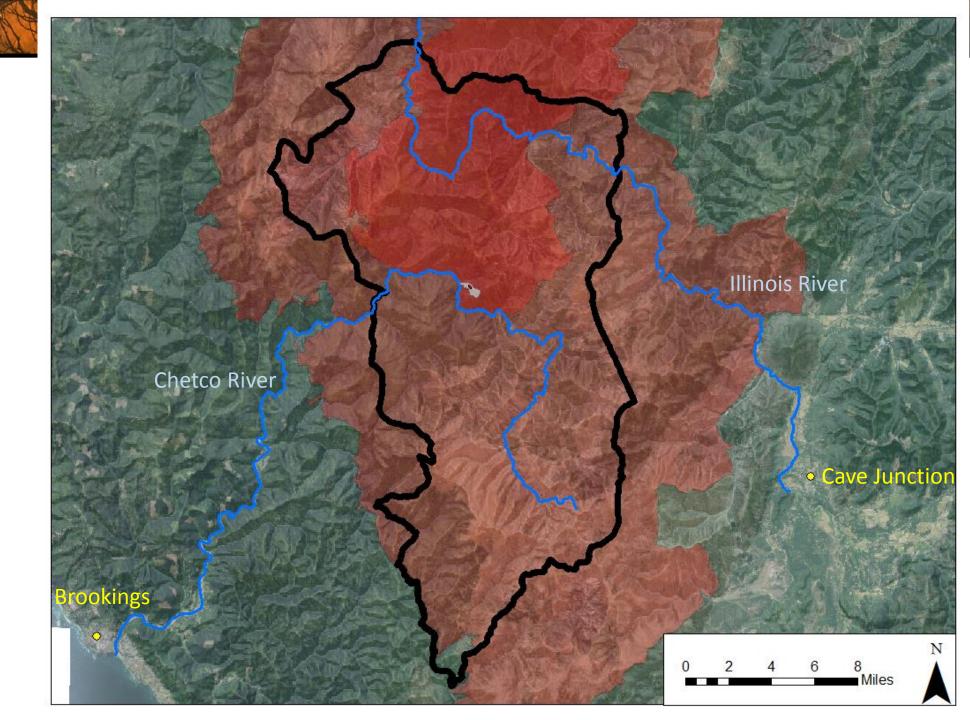
Significant resistance to control



Photos: James Johnston

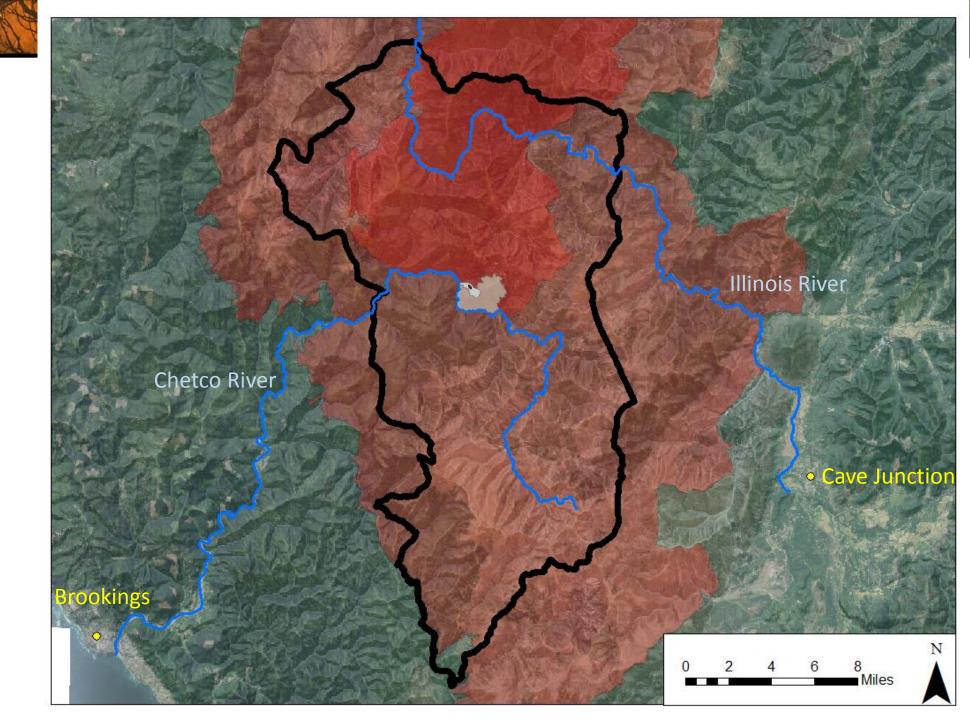
7/19/2017

207 ac



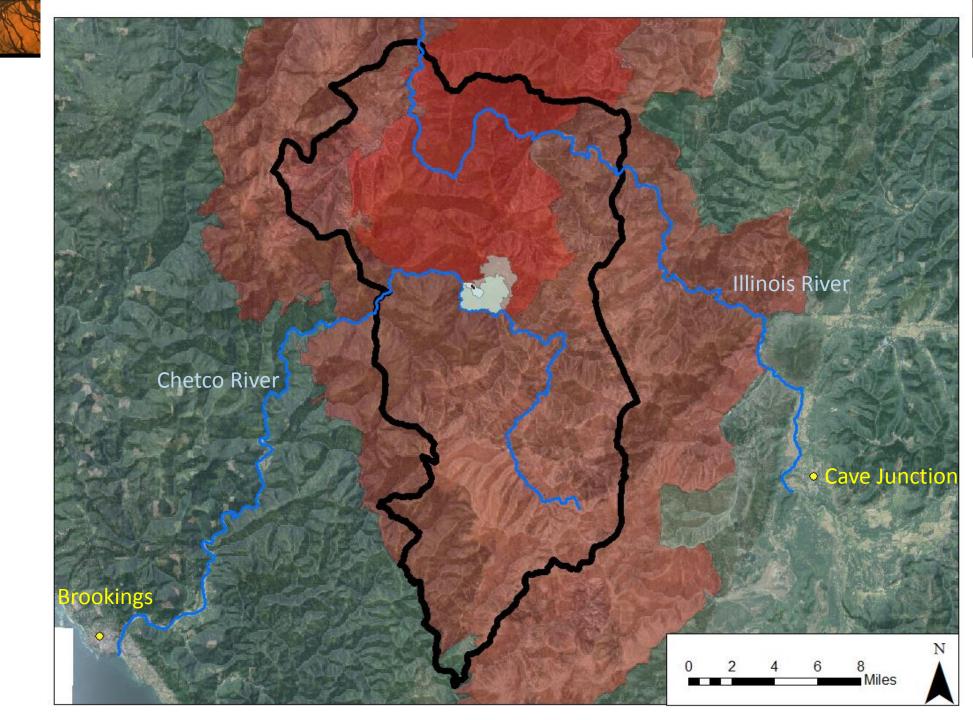
7/25/2017

1,840 ac



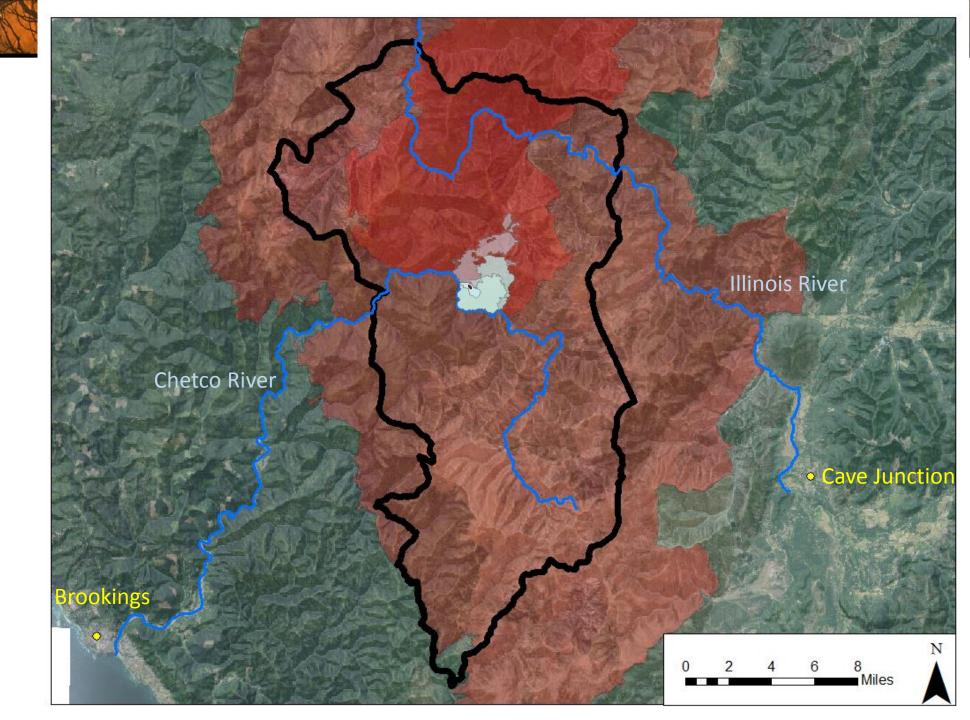
8/02/2017

2,984 ac



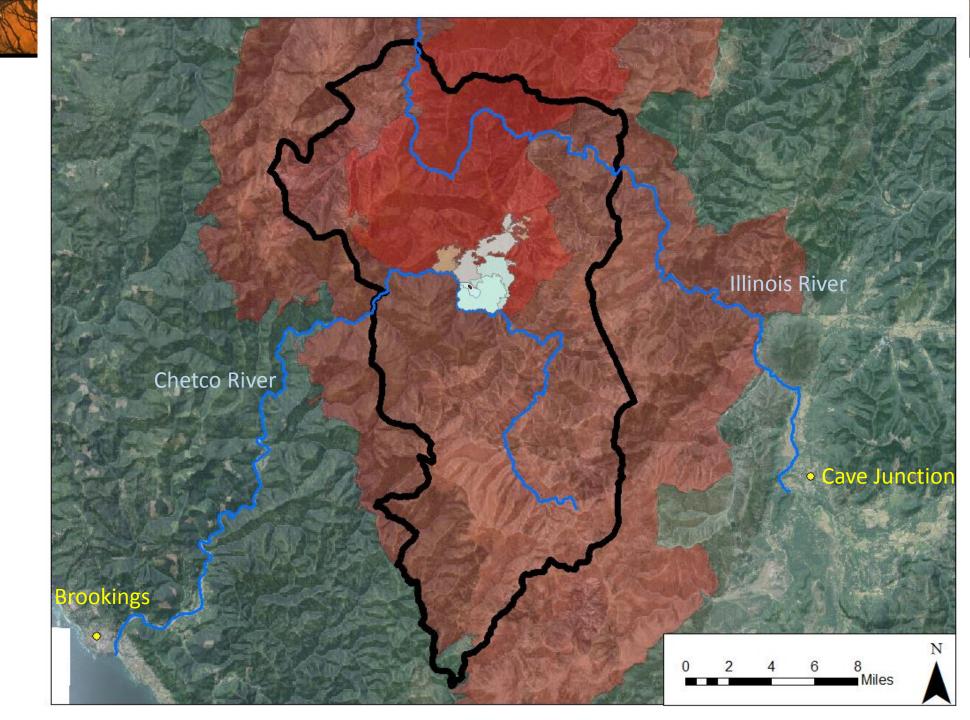
8/09/2017

5,040 ac



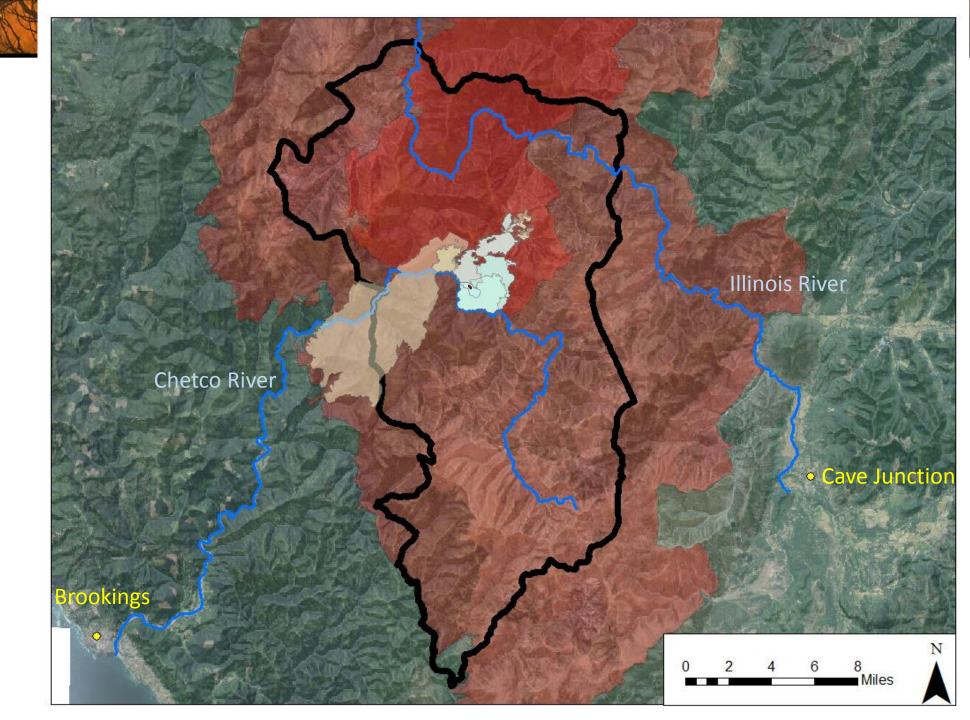
8/15/2017

6,016 ac



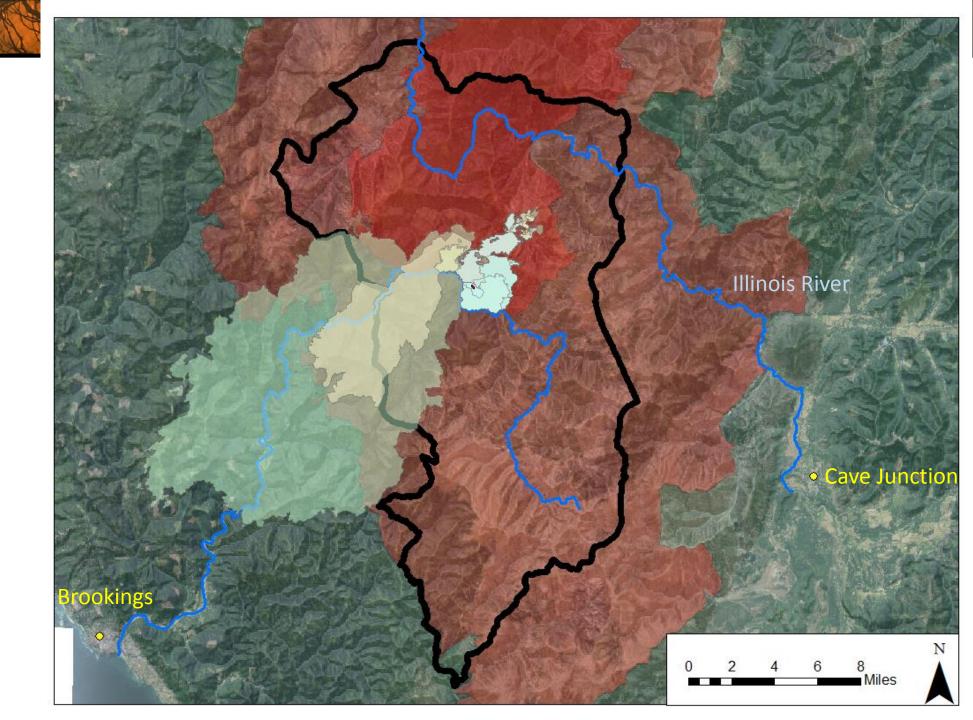
8/18/2017

22,042 ac

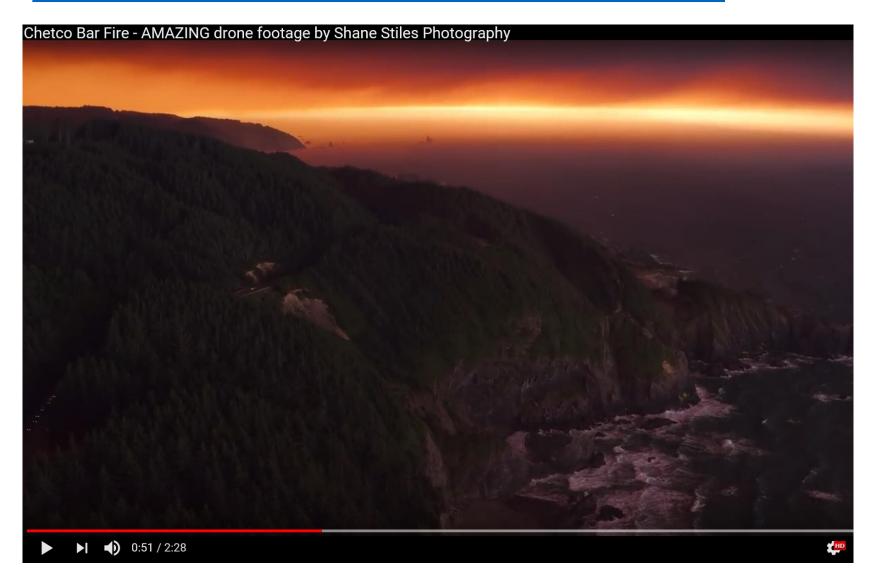


8/20/2017

91,551 ac

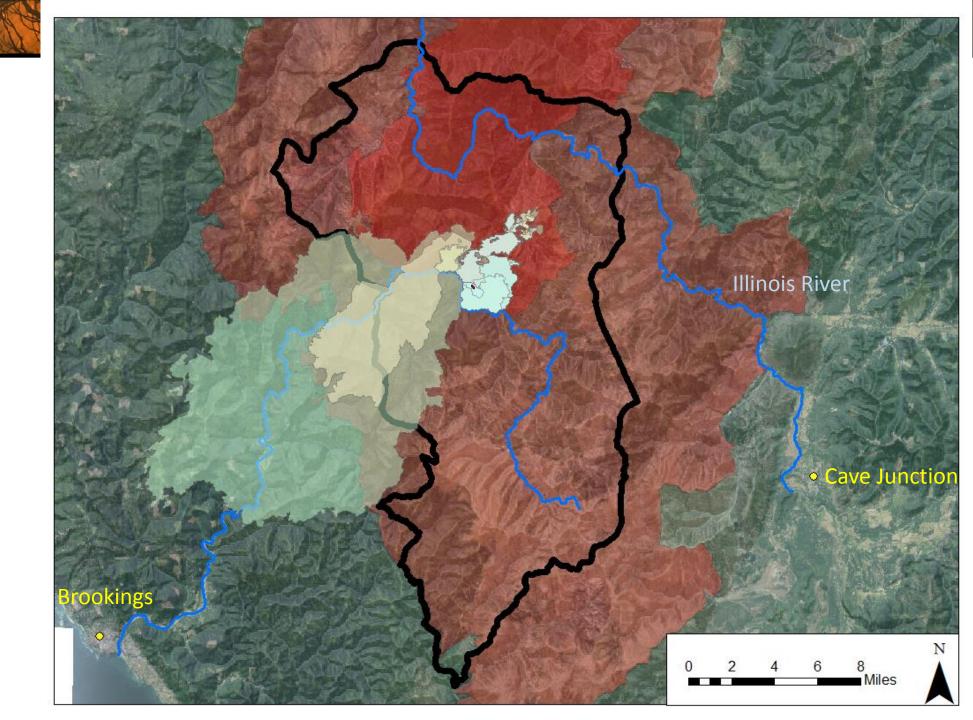


2017 Chetco Bar Fire Plume [online]



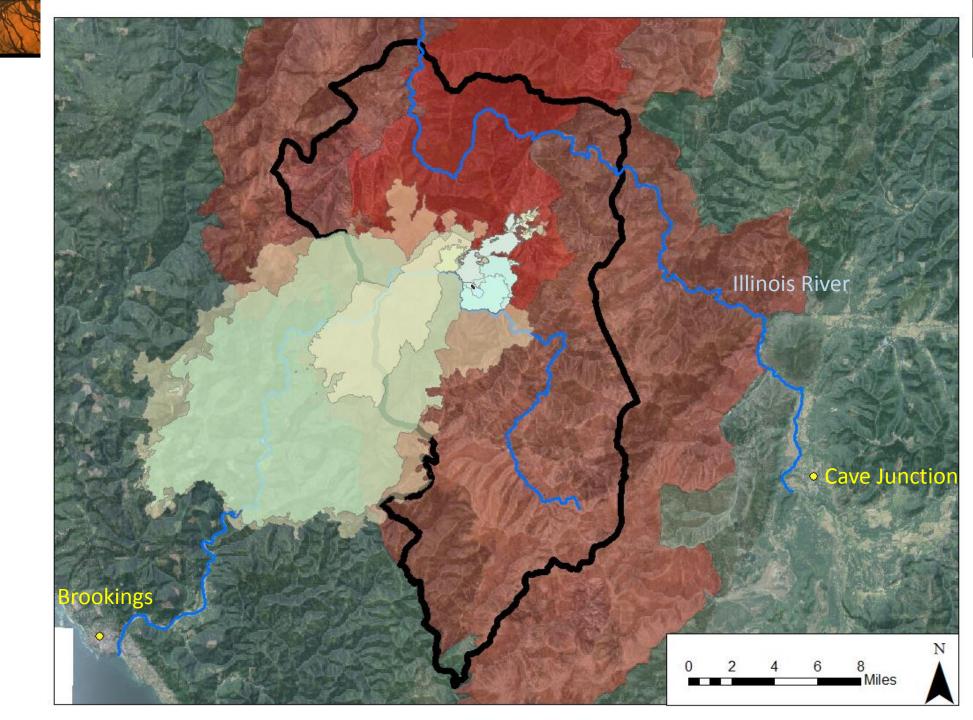
8/20/2017

91,551 ac



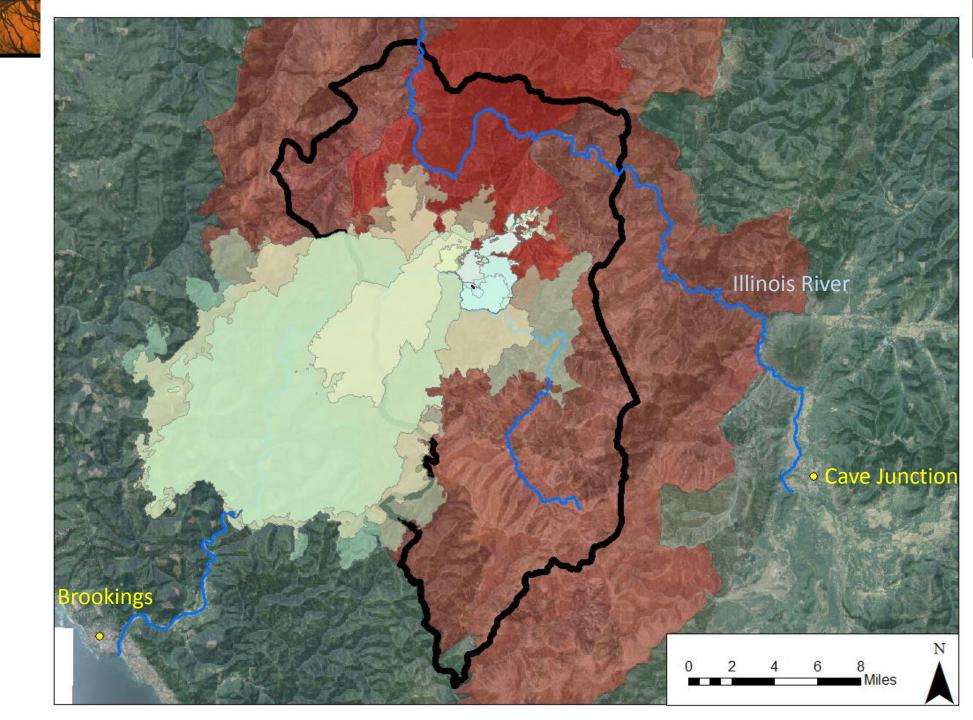
8/27/2017

117,669 ac



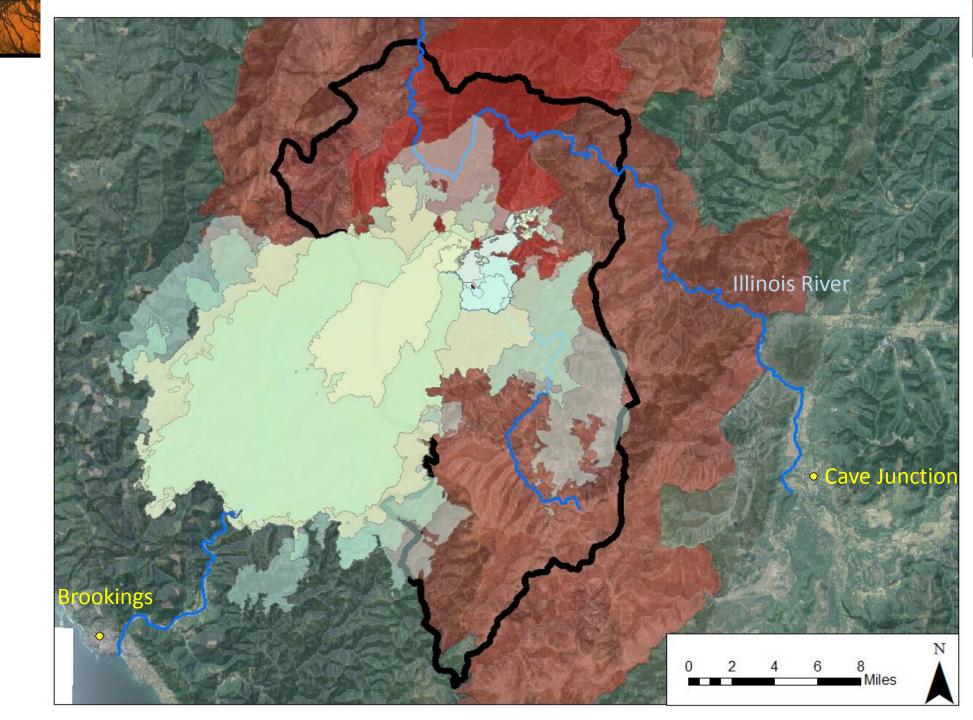
9/02/2017

143,760 ac



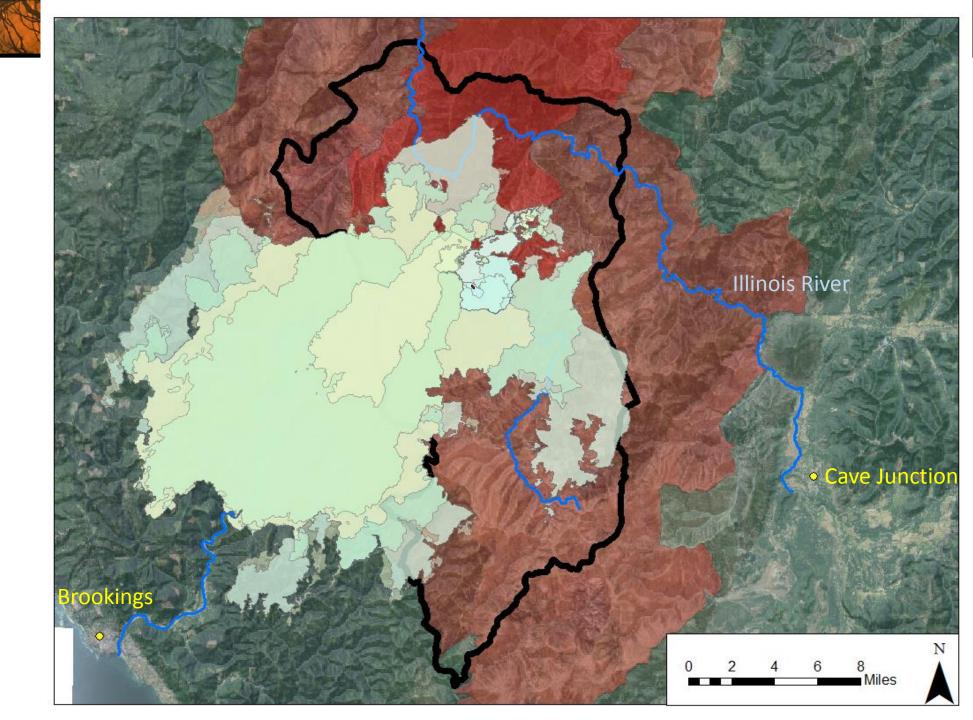
9/09/2017

184,207 ac



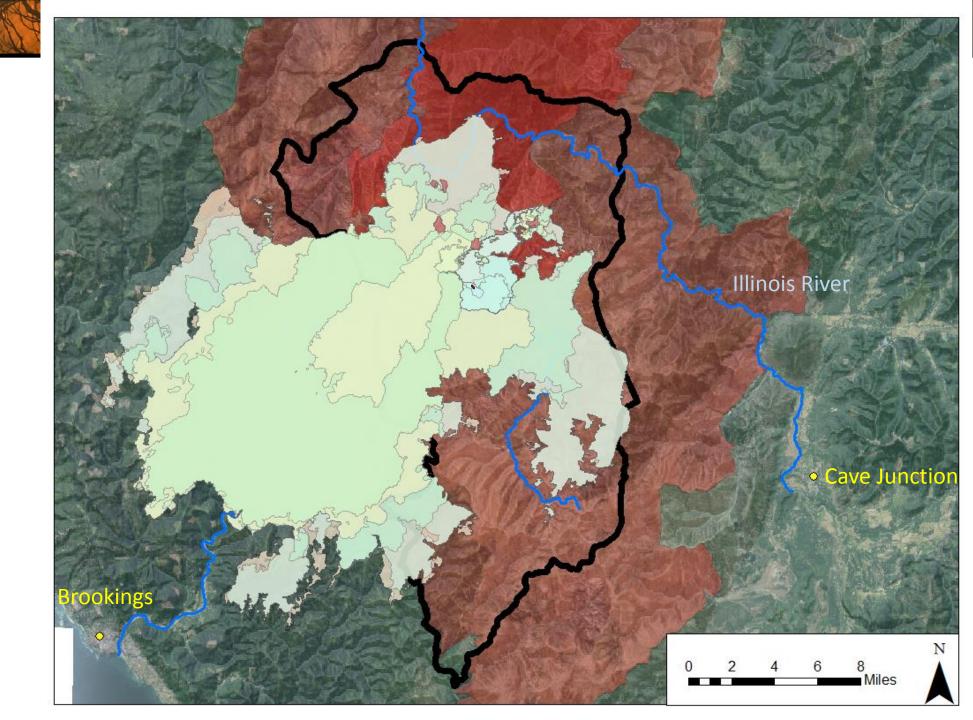
9/17/2017

190,629 ac

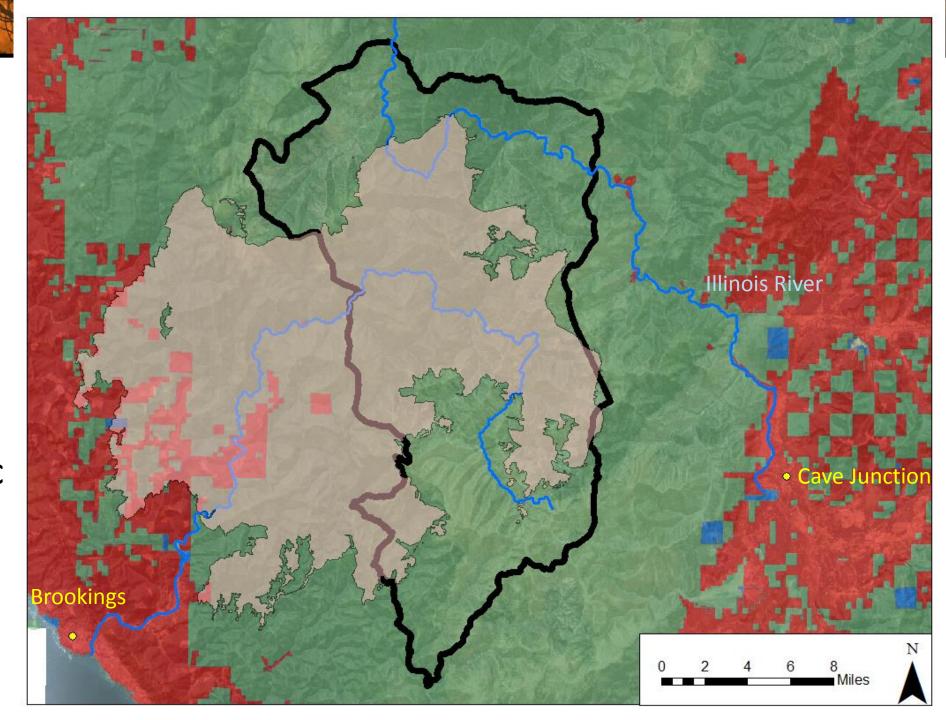


10/17/2017

191,125 ac



BLM – 6,767 ac State – 225 ac Private – 15,243 ac USFS – 168,886 ac



Severity (RAVG BA loss)





0-10%



5 10-25%



25-50%



50-75%



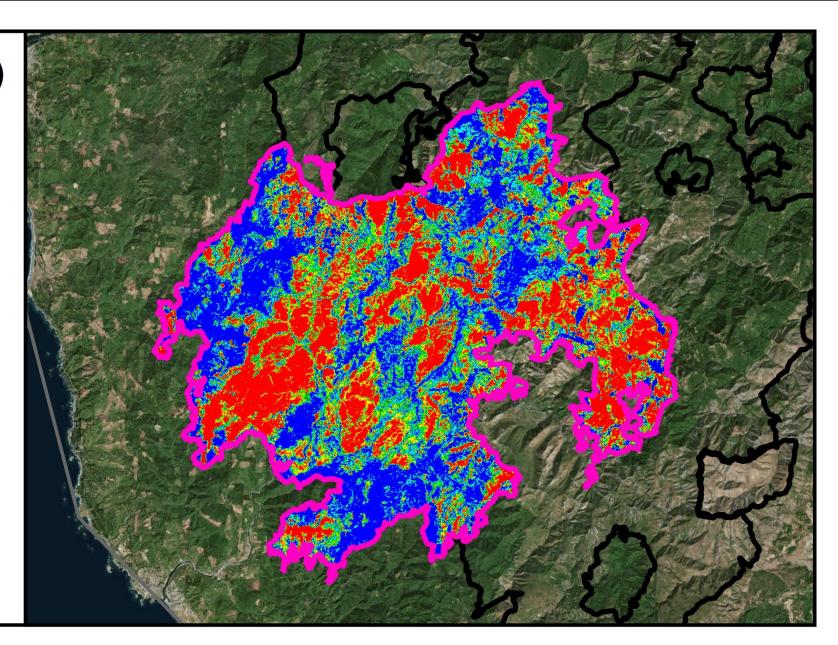
75-90%

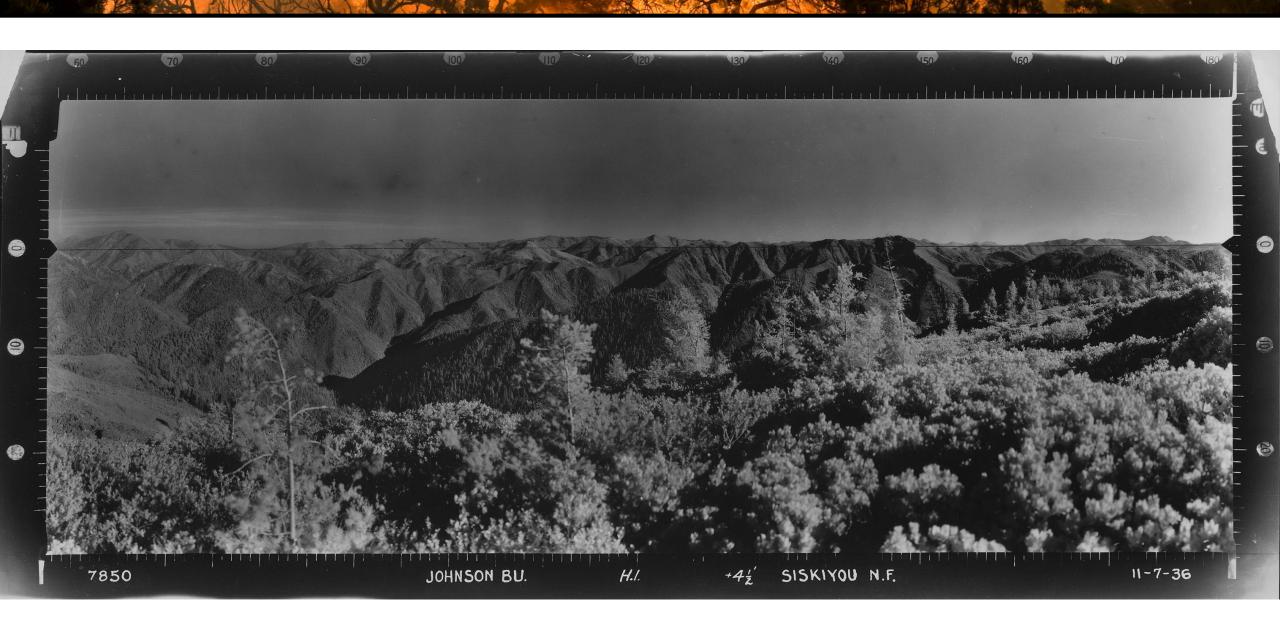


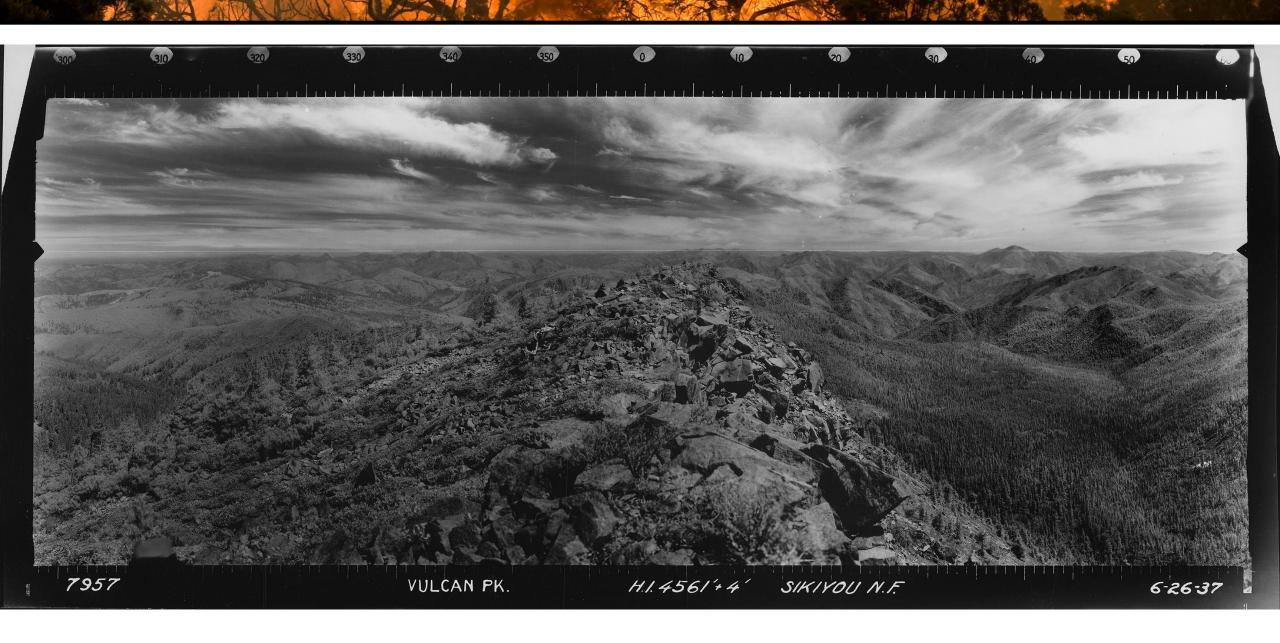
90-100%



10 km







Peace Tree

On September 9, 1942, a Japanese submarine surfaced before dawn off the California coast, and catapulted two Japanese naval pilots from its deck in a tiny, bomb-laden floatplane.

Their mission: Drop incendiary bombs on the forest inland from Brookings.



Peace Tree

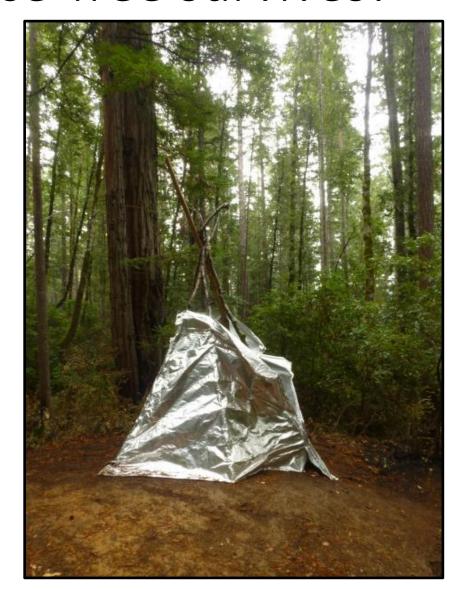
A lookout near Mount Emily heard the Japanese plane, which he said sounded "like a Model A Ford, backfiring in the distance," and later reported a smoke in the area.

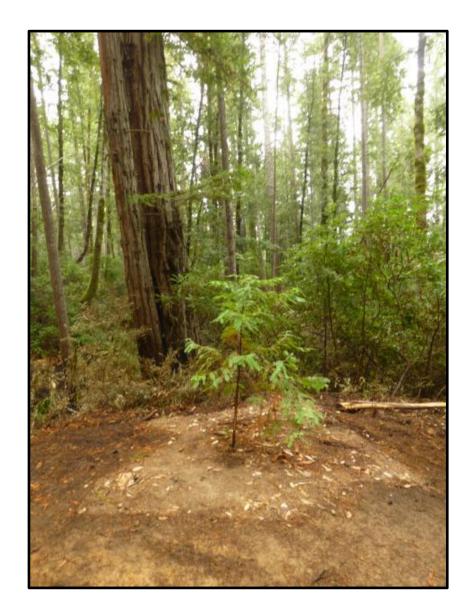
Four firefighters were dispatched to the scene and extinguished the fire the same day. The firefighters recovered steel and thermite shards from the bomb.

In 1962, the Japanese pilot, Nobuo Fujita, was invited to Brookings, where he presented his family's priceless 400-year-old Samurai sword to the city as a gesture of peace.

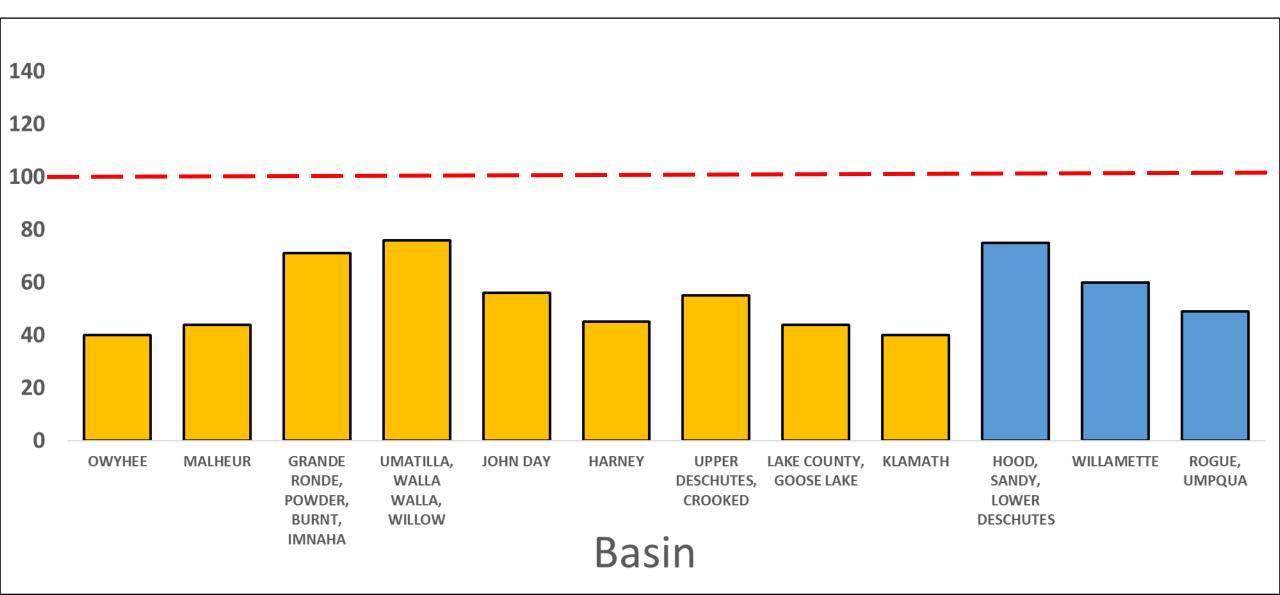


Peace Tree survives!





Feb. 27th, 2018: Basin-wide snowpack (% of 1981-2010 median)



Key points:

- 2017 Oregon fire season was unusual compared to recent decades.
- Wet winter followed by hot, dry summer.
- Geography of fire matters: location, severity, history.
- Regional and local (westside) fire resulted in widespread and severe socioeconomic effects.
- Ecological effects were mixed; fires create mosaics in big fire years.
- In a hotter, drier future, how will we learn to live with fire?

	SHOWCASE OF OSU FIRE RESEARCH
	EASTSIDE FIRE
9:00	Andrew Merschel: Landscape-scale recontructions of historical fire regimes in Oregon's dry
	forests
9:15	James Johnston: Collaborative Forest Restoration on the Malheur National Forest
9:30	Kayla Johnston: Fire Exclusion: Destroying Forests for Over a Century – A Look at The Metolius
	Research Natural Area
9:45	Will Downing: Conifer Regeneration Following Stand Replacement Wildfire in Oregon's Blue
	Mountains
10:00	BREAK
	WESTSIDE FIRE
10:30	Garrett Meigs: Fire Refugia in Late-successional Forests
10:45	Lisa Ellsworth: Fuel Conditions in Unburned, Burned, and Salvaged Forests of Oregon's western
	Cascades
11:00	Chris Dunn: Fire Severity across Ownership Boundaries in the 2013 Douglas Complex
11:15	Sara Galbraith: The effects of fire severity on native bees
11:30	Forest Industry Perspective on Fire
	Phil Adams, Roseburg

